

ACCOMPANYING PEOPLE PROGRAM

SAN GIOVANNI ROTONDO (half day with lunch) € 95 p.p.

2 or 3 October from Foggia



Great is now the fame of Padre Pio, a humble Capuchin friar born in a small town in southern Italy, Pietralcina, and lived for most of his life in San Giovanni Rotondo, near Foggia, where he died in 1968. Beloved before only by the city community, his fame has reached every part of the world so as to get him elected Holy man of the people during the pontificate of John



Paul II, also by virtue of the fact that the Polish Pontiff was personally very devotee of Padre Pio.

During our tour we will visit together all the places linked to the memory of Padre Pio, including the great Sanctuary opened in 2004, which is guarded by the devotees and showed the body of the saint. The visit continues with the small church of 1600 where Padre Pio celebrated and confessed the faithful, and then visit the Santa Maria delle Grazie, where following a path where objects that belonged to Padre Pio and precious testimonies of his works are on display we arrive at the cell where Padre Pio lived.

Price includes: bus, guided tour, lunch, entrance fees and taxes

Minimum 15 pax

MONTE SANT'ANGELO (half day with lunch) € 90 p.p.

2 or 3 October from Foggia



Monte Sant'Angelo is a small medieval hamlet on top of a mountain overlooking the sea, Gargano. Here according to ancient tradition, the Archangel Michael appeared four times in a cave, and the same Archangel elected this cave as his home on earth. Following the natural grotto of the apparitions it has been transformed into a wonderful sanctuary counted today among the world heritage monuments protected by UNESCO. During our visit we can appreciate the beauty of this incredible example of medieval art and find out if, as promised by the Angel, a special indulgence

relieves the souls of those who visit this place. The promise of the cancellation of sins made Monte Sant'Angelo one of the main destinations of medieval pilgrimages. also will walk through the narrow streets of the old town, then visit the other two masterpieces of citizens: the Tumba of Rotari and the Santa Maria Maggiore complex, we can also admire the exterior of the magnificent medieval castle.

Price includes: bus, guided tour, lunch, entrance fees and taxes

Minimum 15 pax

TRANI AND CASTEL DEL MONTE (full day) € 135 p.p.

2 or 3 October from Foggia

Trani



On this day we will visit some of the most extraordinary places in the middle of the day in Italy. We'll spend the morning at the sight of Trani and the afternoon at the famous Castel del Monte.

Also known as the Athens of Puglia or the pearl of the Adriatic, Trani is universally recognized as one of the most beautiful cities in Puglia. Its ancient origins, the town rallies around its port from which even today part of a large fleet of vessels to return the servant sees the incredibly fresh fish on the quay. Monument symbol of the city is the Cathedral, which magnificent stands between sky and sea. Recognized masterpiece of Romanesque style is an experience not to be missed. Our tour continues with a view of Trani old Jewish quarter where the Synagogue Scola Nova headquarters of the Jewish Community of Trani and oldest functioning synagogue in Europe. A walk along the harbor and outside of the Castle citizen will conclude our visit.

Castel Del Monte



Castel del Monte is a unique monument in the world, it is a fusion architecture and mathematics. The extraordinary beauty of this medieval manor house has made famous around the world so as to let him get a inhabit recognition: includes, among the monuments protected by UNESCO World Heritage reported. Built around 1240 by Emperor Frederick II of Swabia, this enigmatic monument dominates the area

with its unmistakable shape, an octagon with eight angles are positioned eight octagonal towers. As many years Castel del Monte is for many years at the center of both recognized experts in the field, both the press and television, both of esotericism enthusiasts, this Charmful castle keeps its secrets hidden. During our visit to the castle we visit the 16 rooms that make up almost to form a labyrinth in which medieval man could get lost to find themselves.

Price includes: bus, guided tour, lunch, entrance fees and taxes
Minimum 15 pax

ANCIENT BARI (2 hours)

€ 25 p.p.

5 October in Bari



A walk to discover the Ancient Bari. Interesting landmarks closely visited during the route: Teatro Margherita, Piazza del Ferrarese, Piazza mercantile, Via Venezia and Fortino di S. Antonio Abate, Basilica San Nicola, Strada Palazzo di Città with stop at the ancient bakery "Fiore" with free tasting, Cattedrale San Sabino, Castello Normanno, Arco



Basso "The Orecchiette route" (stop at typical handmade pasta shops).

Price includes: walking guided tour and taxes
Minimum 10 pax

MEDIOEVAL TOWERS AND ARISTOCRATIC RESIDENCES IN BARI (2 hours)

€ 25 p.p.

5 October in Bari



A walk to discover places and stories of the city which preserves the best of medioeval architecture, enjoying and tasting the culinary tradition with stop at the historical bakery of ancient Bari. Interesting landmarks closely visited during the route: Palazzo Zizzi, stop at Bakery Fiore, Largo dei Gesuiti, Corte del Capitano, Palazzo Zeuli, Arco delle



Meraviglie, Palazzo Calò Carducci, Palazzo Simi, Largo Albicocca and Palazzo Macario.

Price includes: walking guided tour and taxes
Minimum 10 pax

AGRIGENTO-VALLEY OF THE TEMPLES(full day) € 145 p.p. 6 or 7 October from Palermo



The Temples in Agrigento, is one of the most important archeological sites in the world and a Unesco world heritage site since 1998. Ancient Akragas, in its hey-day, was a flourishing cultural center: it gave the world Empedocles, the pre-socratic philosopher



Price includes: bus, guided tour, lunch, entrance fees and taxes
Minimum 20 pax

TRAPANI /ERICE (full day) € 135 p.p.

6 or 7 October from Palermo

Trapani, the ancient Drepanon with its sickle-shaped juts out into the sea, the main source of life for the fishing industry and for tourist-commercial port (a source of wealth time with coral fishing). Walking through the old town you can see the signs of the various cultural levels, the oldest neighborhood Casalicchio, to the Jewish Giudecca, to the medieval ruins of the Castello di Terra, the Castello di Mare or the Dovecote. Interesting churches in Purgatorio, which houses the Mysteries (twenty sculptural groups depicting the passion of Christ) and the Collegio. To the south of the city, the saline the unique environment from which begins the route of salt route.



Erice, not far from Trapani, on the summit of an isolated mountain, made up of narrow, winding streets, typically medieval arches, richly decorated courtyards and small shops still maintains unchanged its medieval charm today. At the center, the church of San Domenico is now the prestigious International Centre of Scientific Culture "Ettore Majorana", focus of intense scientific research directed by Prof. Antonino Zichichi who founded it in 1963.



Price includes: bus, guided tour, lunch and taxes
Minimum 20 pax

CEFALÙ (half day) € 75 p.p.

6 or 7 October from Palermo

Cefalu, picturesque town of ancient origin, is famous not only for its beaches, but for the Cathedral, an architectural masterpiece of the Norman period. The church was built by Roger II to fulfill a vow he made when, caught in the sea with his fleet from a raging storm, he was able to dock right in this area. Work on its construction began in 1131 and continued for over a century. Twin towers, but not perfectly identical, flank the façade and accentuate the majesty.



Inside, the dome of the apse and the presbytery walls are covered with fine mosaics on a gold background dating back to the twelfth century and have never tampered with. The noble Byzantine mosaic of the apse (Christ Pantocrator, Virgin and Archangels, Apostles).



Price includes: bus, guided tour and taxes
Minimum 20 pax

Palermo / Monreale (half day) € 85 p.p.

6 or 7 October from Palermo

The Phoenicians founded Palermo as a trade port in 700 B.C., and a long string of rulers followed. Carthage was the first to conquer it, followed by the Romans, who named it Panhormus. After the fall of the Roman Empire, the Vandals took over, followed by Arabian rulers who turned Sicily into an emirate.

Palermo transformed into a magical city with mosques, minarets and markets. During the crusades the city's wealth was discovered by the Normans who conquered the city, but continued building on the Arabian legacy of tolerance and enlightenment. That era is known as "the golden years." Today tourists are discovering a city with an exciting mix of medieval areas where washing is still hung on lines between buildings to elegant residential districts with palm trees and palatial villas. And then there's also the city's intense markets.

Monreale's cathedral and abbey are good reminders that the beauty of a particularly splendid church transcends that of any single work of art, however noble. Overlooking Palermo, the town of Monreale, from the Latin "Mons Regalis" (literally 'Royal Mountain'), straddles a slope of Mount Caputo about eight kilometers south of Palermo's cathedral. Set at about three hundred metres above sea level, the town overlooks the "Conca d'Oro," as the valley beyond Palermo is known. No extended visit of Palermo is truly complete without a visit to Monreale. The cathedral and its cloister represent the largest concentration of Norman, Arab and Byzantine art in one place. True, Palermo's cathedral is larger, but Monreale's exists in something far closer to its original twelfth-century state. This wondrous place is much more than "just another church." If your impression of the overused word multicultural is at all negative, the effect of Monreale Abbey will convert you to another way of thinking.

Price includes: bus, guided tour, entrance fees and taxes
Minimum 20 pax

